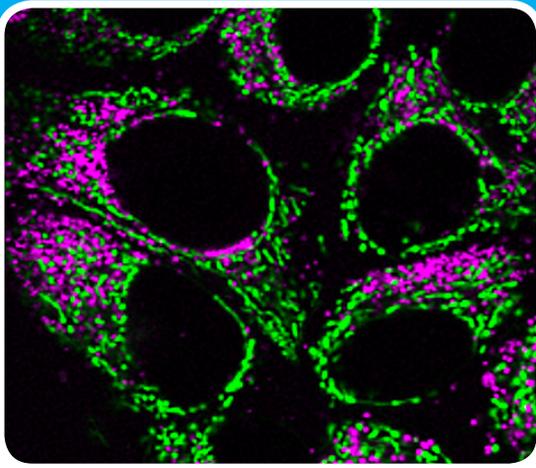


# MitoView™ & LysoView™ Dyes

## Live & fixed cell organelle stains



### MitoView™ fluorescent mitochondrial dyes

Loss of mitochondrial membrane potential is a hallmark of apoptosis. Far-red MitoView™ 633 dye has been reported to exhibit a rapid responses to mitochondrial membrane potential loss. MitoView™ 633 is optimally detected in the Cy@5 channel, but also emits visible red fluorescence in the Cy@3 channel.

MitoView™ 405 and MitoView™ 720 are partially membrane potential-dependent; upon depolarization the dyes relocalize to the cytoplasm but retain fluorescence.

MitoView™ Green is a mitochondrial membrane potential-independent dye. MitoView™ Green can be used to stain mitochondria in live cells before or after mitochondrial depolarization or formaldehyde fixation.

### Features

- Highly specific, no-wash staining of mitochondria
- Potential-dependent MitoView™ 633 for the Cy@3 or Cy@5 channel
- MitoView™ 405 for the 405 nm laser
- MitoView™ 720 for the Cy@7 channel
- Potential-independent, fixable MitoView™ Green

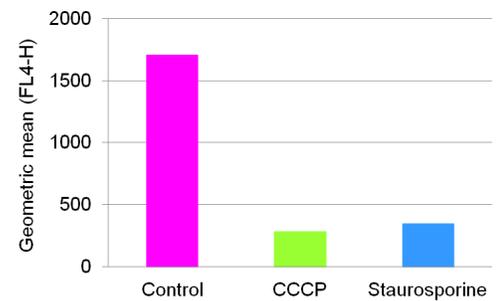


Figure 1. Flow cytometry analysis of Jurkat cells treated with CCCP to depolarize the mitochondrial membrane or staurosporine to induce apoptosis, resulting in decreased MitoView™ 633 staining.

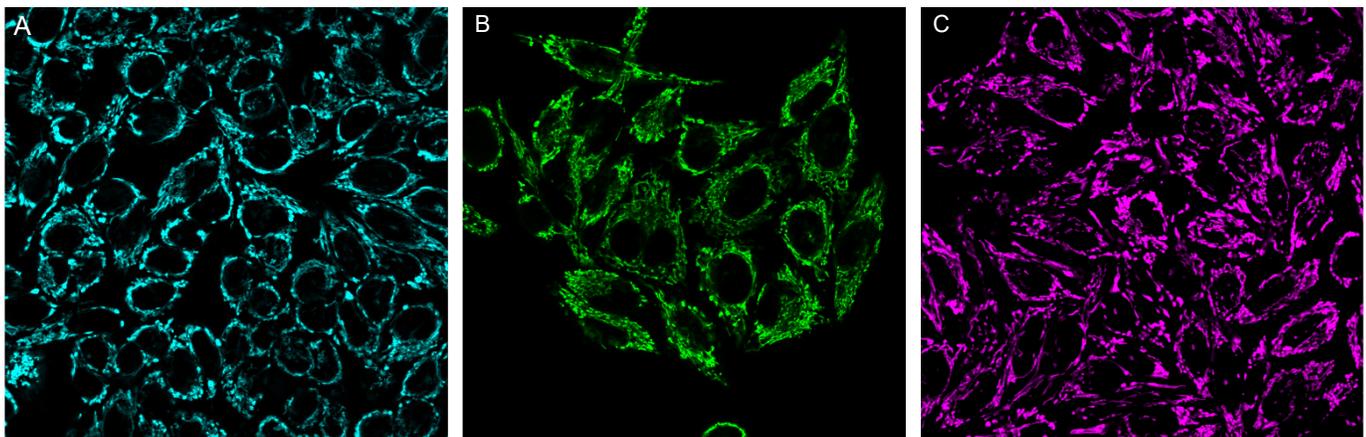
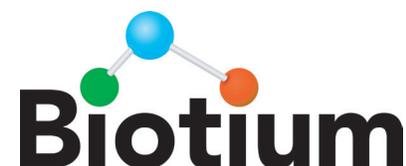


Figure 2. Live HeLa cells stained with (A) MitoView™ 405, (B) MitoView™ Green, or (C) MitoView™ 633.

### Ordering Information

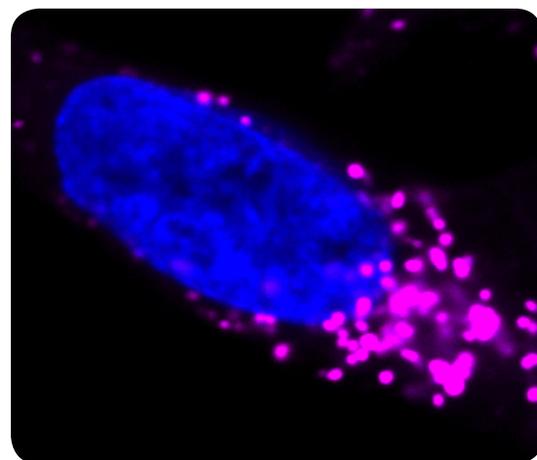
Cat. #	Description	Ex/Em	Size
70070-T	MitoView™ 405	398/440 nm	50 ug
70070			20 x 50 ug
70054-T	MitoView™ Green	490/523 nm	50 ug
70054			20 x 50 ug
70055-T	MitoView™ 633	622/648 nm	50 ug
70055			20 x 50 ug
70068-T	MitoView™ 720	720/758 nm	50 ug
70068			20 x 50 ug



# LysoView™ fluorescent lysosome dyes

LysoView™ dyes are fluorescent stains for imaging lysosome localization and morphology in live cells. LysoView™ dyes belong to a family of lysosomotropic dyes that contain weakly basic amines that accumulate in acidic organelles. LysoView™ dye fluorescence is also pH-sensitive, resulting in specific lysosomal staining without a wash step (Figures 1 and 2). We offer LysoView™ dyes in four colors, for every common microscopy filter set.

Biotium also offers Light-On LysoView™ 555, a UV-activatable lysosome stain. In cells, the dye initially shows low fluorescence, but brief exposure to UV excitation from a mercury arc lamp activates bright red fluorescence localizing to lysosomes (Figure 3). The fluorescence fades after several minutes, but can be re-activated in the same cells multiple times by exposure to UV light, providing a novel tool for reversible induction of fluorescence in lysosomes.



## Features

- Fluorescent dyes for imaging lysosomes in live cells
- Highly specific, no-wash staining of acidic organelles
- LysoView™ 405 for the DAPI channel
- LysoView™ 488 for the FITC channel
- Red fluorescent LysoView™ 540 for the Cy@3 channel
- Far-red fluorescent LysoView™ 633 for the Cy@5 channel
- Unique, UV-activated Light-On LysoView™ 555

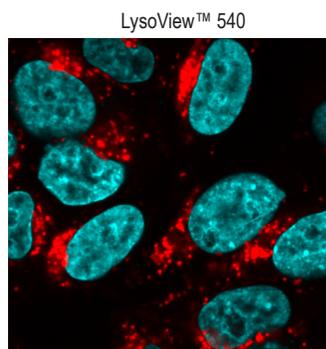


Figure 1. HeLa cells stained with LysoView™ 540 (red). Nuclei are stained with Hoechst 33342 (blue, cat. # 40046).

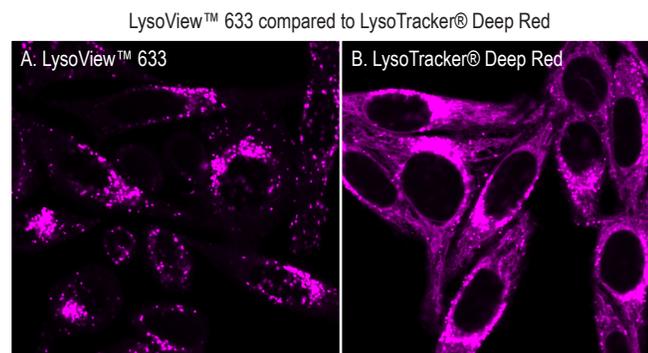


Figure 2. LysoView™ 633 (A) shows more specific punctate lysosomal staining with less cytoplasmic staining compared to LysoTracker® Deep Red (B).

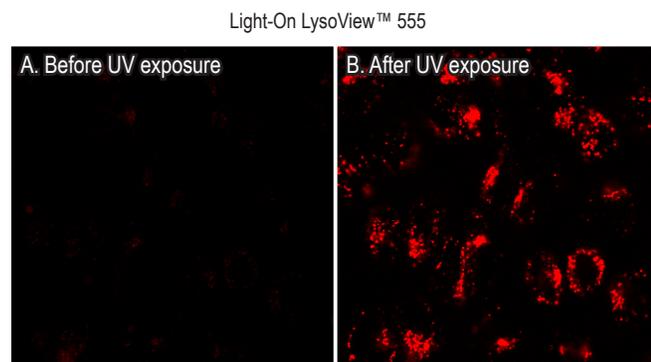


Figure 3. UV-activated lysosomal fluorescence with Light-On LysoView™ 555. A. Before UV exposure, fluorescence is not detectable. B. Five seconds of exposure to UV light from a short arc lamp activates bright lysosomal fluorescence.

## Ordering Information

Cat. #	Description	Ex/Em	Size
70066-T	LysoView™ 405, 1000X in DMSO	318, 400/464 nm	10 uL
70066			50 uL
70067-T	LysoView™ 488, 1000X in DMSO	506/532 nm	10 uL
70067			50 uL
70061-T	LysoView™ 540, 1000X in DMSO	541/634 nm	10 uL
70061			50 uL
70058-T	LysoView™ 633 (each vial yields 100 uL of 100X dye in water after reconstitution)	634/659 nm	1 vial
70058			10 vials
70060-T	Light-On LysoView™ 555, 1000X in DMSO	554/583 nm	10 uL
70060			50 uL